

Deploy Dual Stack OpenLDAP Server 2.4 with SASL and TLS on FreeBSD 10.3

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This document is based heavily on a HowTo at <https://project.altservice.com/issues/727>.

This write-up assumes you have already deployed FreeBSD 10.3 with dual stack networking. You do not need any GUI (e.g. XWindow / Gnome), but it won't hurt if such is installed. This can work in a normal install (e.g. on hardware or VirtualBox) or in an AWS FreeBSD 10.3 instance.

If you have not already installed the FreeBSD ports files (at /usr/ports), do the following two commands now:

```
# pkg update && pkg upgrade
# portsnap fetch extract
```

Now install *portmaster*:

```
# pkg install portmaster
```

Now use *portmaster* to download and install *openldap24-server* from the ports tree:

```
# portmaster net/openldap24-server
```

You will get a chance to select various options. Be sure the following are selected (x = selected by default, A = add by selecting with up/down arrow keys and pressing SpaceBar)

```
[ ] ACCESSLOG
[ ] ACI
[ ] AUDITLOG
[ ] BDB
[ ] COLLECT
[ ] CONSTRAINT
[ ] DDS
[ ] DEBUG
[ ] Deref
[ ] DNSSRV
[ ] DYNACL
[x] DYNAMIC_BACKENDS
[A] DYNGROUP
[A] DYNLIST
[ ] FETCH
[A] GSSAPI
[ ] LMPASSWD
[x] MDB
[A] MEMBEROF
[ ] ODBC
[ ] OUTLOOK
[ ] PASSWD
[ ] PERL
[A] PPOLICY
[ ] PROXYCACHE
[A] REFINT
[ ] RELAY
[ ] RETCODE
[ ] RLOOKUPS
[ ] RWM
```

```
[A] SASL
[ ] SEQMOD
[A] SHA2
[ ] SHELL
[ ] SLAPI
[ ] SLP
[ ] SMBPWD
[ ] SOCK
[ ] SSSXLV
[x] SYNCPROV
[ ] TCP_WRAPPERS
[ ] TRANSLUCENT
[A] UNIQUE
[ ] VALSORT
```

In order to allow the “c” (country) attribute in user entries, we need to make some minor changes to the default schemas. These are found in /usr/local/etc/openldap/schemas

In core.schema, replace

```
objectclass ( 2.5.6.2 NAME 'country'
  DESC 'RFC2256: a country'
  SUP top STRUCTURAL
  MUST c
  MAY ( searchGuide $ description ) )
```

with

```
objectclass ( 2.5.6.2 NAME 'country'
  DESC 'RFC2256: a country'
  SUP top AUXILIARY
  MAY c )
```

In cosine.schema , replace

```
objectclass ( 0.9.2342.19200300.100.4.18 NAME 'friendlyCountry'
  SUP country STRUCTURAL
  MUST friendlyCountryName )
```

with

```
objectclass ( 0.9.2342.19200300.100.4.18 NAME 'friendlyCountry'
  SUP country AUXILIARY
  MUST friendlyCountryName )
```

In the FreeBSD package install, the database is in directory /var/db/openldap-data.

If you need to restart at some point, do the following commands as root:

```
# rm -rf /var/db/openldap-data
# service slapd restart
```

Change Directory to /usr/local/etc/openldap:

```
# cd /usr/local/etc/openldap
```

The following steps assume your LDAP BaseDN is dc=aws,dc=sixscape,dc=net. Adjust accordingly for your BaseDN.

Edit the file ldap.conf to change the BASE (this affects the command line apps, like ldapadd and ldapsearch).

```
# uemacs ldap.conf
```

```
BASE dc=aws,dc=sixscape,dc=net
URI ldap:// ldaps://

# SIZELIMIT 0 indicates unlimited search size
# SIZELIMIT 0
# TIMELIMIT 15
# DEREFLIMIT never
```

Edit the file sldap.conf:

```
# uemacs sldap.conf
```

Replace the existing contents with the following:

```
include          /usr/local/etc/openldap/schema/core.schema
include          /usr/local/etc/openldap/schema/cosine.schema
include          /usr/local/etc/openldap/schema/inetorgperson.schema

# TLSertificateFile /etc/ssl/bsd.demo.sixscape.net.crt
# TLSertificateKeyFile /etc/ssl/private.bsd.demo.sixscape.net.key
# TLSCertificateFile /etc/ssl/gd_bundle-g2-g1.crt

pidfile          /var/run/openldap/slapd.pid
argsfile         /var/run/openldap/slapd.args

logfile /var/log/slapd.log
loglevel 256

# Load dynamic backend modules:
modulepath       /usr/local/libexec/openldap
moduleload       back_mdb
# moduleload     back_ldap

access to dn.base=""
               by * read

access to dn.base="cn=Users"
               by * read

access to dn.base="cn=Subschema"
               by * read

access to attrs=userPassword,userPKCS12
               by self write
               by anonymous auth
               by * none

access to dn.subtree="cn=Users,dc=aws,dc=sixscape,dc=net"
               by self write
```

```

        by users read
        by anonymous read

access to *
    by self write
    by users read
    by anonymous auth
    by * none

#####
# MDB database definitions
#####

database      mdb
maxsize       1073741824
suffix        "dc=aws,dc=sixscape,dc=net"
rootdn        "cn=root,dc=aws,dc=sixscape,dc=net"

# The database directory MUST exist prior to running slapd AND
# should only be accessible by the slapd and slap tools.
# Mode 700 recommended.
directory     /var/db/openldap-data

# Indices to maintain
index objectClass eq

rootpw {SSHA}62QB6+JYZdawKLNIAYeh4H6hK3As81zu

```

To create the encoded root password, use `slappasswd` and append the output onto `slapd.conf` (then add `rootpw` before it)

```
# slappasswd -h "{SSHA}" >> slapd.conf
```

New password: (enter new password followed by Enter, no echo)

Re-enter new password: (enter new password again, followed by Enter, no echo)

Edit the file `/etc/rc.conf` and add the following new lines at the end of the file

```
# uemacs /etc/rc.conf
```

```

slapd_enable="YES"
slapd_flags='-h "ldapi://%2fvar%2frun%2fopenldap%2fldapi/ ldap://0.0.0.0"'
slapd_sockets="/var/run/openldap/ldapi"

```

If configuring for dual stack (IPv4 + IPv6), after `"ldap://0.0.0.0"` insert `" ldap://[::]"`

Start slapd:

```
# service slapd start
```

If it doesn't come up, check `/var/log/debug.log`. If no error is reported, verify slapd is running:

```
# ps -ax | grep slapd
```

```
466 - Is    0:00.01 /usr/local/libexec/slapd -h ldapi://%2fvar%2frun%2fopenl
```

Verify it is listening on port 389 on both IPv4 and IPv6:

```
# netstat -na | more
```

```
Active Internet connections (including servers)
```

Proto	Recv-Q	Send-Q	Local Address	Foreign Address	(state)
tcp6	0	0	2600:1f14:611:b6.389	2001:470:ed3a:10.61009	ESTABLISHED
tcp4	0	128	172.31.3.107.22	66.96.204.73.17396	ESTABLISHED
tcp4	0	0	127.0.0.1.25	*.*	LISTEN
tcp4	0	0	*.22	*.*	LISTEN
tcp6	0	0	*.22	*.*	LISTEN
tcp6	0	0	*.389	*.*	LISTEN
tcp4	0	0	*.389	*.*	LISTEN
udp4	0	0	*.514	*.*	
udp6	0	0	*.514	*.*	

Test the server using ldapsearch:

```
# ldapsearch -W -D "cn=root,dc=aws,dc=sixscape,dc=net"
```

```
Enter LDAP Password: (enter LDAP password, created above)
```

```
# extended LDIF
```

```
#
```

```
# LDAPv3
```

```
# base <dc=aws,dc=sixscape,dc=net> (default) with scope subtree
```

```
# filter: (objectclass=*)
```

```
# requesting: ALL
```

```
#
```

```
# search result
```

```
search: 2
```

```
result: 32 No such object
```

```
# numResponses: 1
```

Create initial LDIF file to populate server (on root.ldif):

```
dn: dc=aws,dc=sixscape,dc=net
```

```
objectclass: dcObject
```

```
objectclass: organization
```

```
objectclass: top
```

```
dc: aws
```

```
description: default
```

```
o: Sixscape Communications
```

```
dn: cn=Users,dc=aws,dc=sixscape,dc=net
```

```
objectclass: person
```

```
objectclass: country
```

```
objectclass:top
```

```
c: SG
```

```
cn: Users
```

```
sn: Users
```

Import root LDIF file:

```
# ldapadd -W -D "cn=root,dc=aws,dc=sixscape,dc=net" -f root.ldif
```

```
Enter LDAP Password:
```

```
adding new entry "dc=aws,dc=sixscape,dc=net"
```

```
adding new entry "cn=Users,dc=aws,dc=sixscape,dc=net"
```

Search again to verify new entries worked

```
# ldapsearch -W -D "cn=root,dc=aws,dc=sixscape,dc=net"
Enter LDAP Password:
# extended LDIF
#
# LDAPv3
# base <dc=aws,dc=sixscape,dc=net> (default) with scope subtree
# filter: (objectclass=*)
# requesting: ALL
#
# aws.sixscape.net
dn: dc=aws,dc=sixscape,dc=net
objectClass: dcObject
objectClass: organization
objectClass: top
dc: aws
description: default
o: Sixscape Communications
# Users, aws.sixscape.net
dn: cn=Users,dc=aws,dc=sixscape,dc=net
objectClass: person
objectClass: country
objectClass: top
c: SG
cn: Users
sn: Users
# search result
search: 2
result: 0 Success
# numResponses: 4
# numEntries: 3
```

NOTE: Do not try to install phpLDAPadmin via the pkg system – this conflicts with the OpenLDAP-SASL version and will uninstall both the OpenLDAP24-server and OpenLDAP24-client and replace them with non-SASL versions.

You can now add users with any LDAP compliant tool, such as LDAPSsoft Admin Tool, SixWallet, etc.

Add SSL/TLS

Obtain SSL/TLS server cert (in this case for `bsd.aws.sixscape.net`). Private key should be unencrypted. You might use WinSCP to upload the cert and key, and the CA Certs to the `ec2-user`'s home directory.

```
$ ls
DigiCert Global Root CA.crt          bsd.aws.sixscape.net.key
DigiCert SHA2 Secure Server CA.crt   bsd.aws.sixscape.net.pfx
bsd.aws.sixscape.net.crt
```

Concatenate the two CA certs into `CA_Certs.pem`:

```
$ cat "DigiCert Global Root CA.crt" "DigiCert SHA2 Secure Server CA.crt" >
CA_Certs.pem
```

Copy the CA Certs and the server cert into `/etc/ssl` and the key to `/etc/ssl/private`

```
# cp CA_Certs.pem /etc/ssl
# cp bsd.aws.sixscape.net.crt /etc/ssl
# cp bsd.aws.sixscape.net.key /etc/ssl/private
```

Add following lines into `/usr/local/etc/openldap/slapd.conf` (after `#includes` is fine):

```
TLSCertificateFile /etc/ssl/bsd.aws.sixscape.net.crt
TLSCertificateKeyFile /etc/ssl/private/bsd.aws.sixscape.net.key
TLSCACertificateFile /etc/ssl/CA_Certs.pem
```

Reboot server

```
# reboot
```

If it doesn't come up, check `/var/log/debug.log` - If it does, verify `slapd` is running:

```
# ps -ax | grep slapd
466  -  Is      0:00.01 /usr/local/libexec/slapd -h ldapi://%2fvar%2frun%2fopenl
```

Verify it is listening on port 389 on both IPv4 and IPv6:

```
# netstat -na | more
Active Internet connections (including servers)
Proto Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address           Foreign Address         (state)
tcp6      0      0 2600:1f14:611:b6:389   2001:470:ed3a:10.61009 ESTABLISHED
tcp4      0     128 172.31.3.107.22        66.96.204.73.17396    ESTABLISHED
tcp4      0      0 127.0.0.1.25          *. *                    LISTEN
tcp4      0      0 *.22                  *. *                    LISTEN
tcp4      0      0 *.22                  *. *                    LISTEN
tcp6      0      0 *.22                  *. *                    LISTEN
tcp6      0      0 *.389                 *. *                    LISTEN
tcp4      0      0 *.389                 *. *                    LISTEN
udp4      0      0 *.514                  *. *                    LISTEN
udp6      0      0 *.514                  *. *                    LISTEN
```

Test server by connecting with LDAP over Explicit TLS on port 389. You can verify TLS is working with Wireshark:

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
55	11.4951220	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	TCP	86	61190-389 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1440 WS=256 SACK_PERM=1
57	11.7208690	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	TCP	86	389-61190 [ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=1420 WS=64 SACK_PERM=1
58	11.7210180	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	TCP	74	61190-389 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=66560 Len=0
59	11.7214050	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	LDAP	105	extendedreq(1) LDAP_START_TLS_oid
60	11.9472460	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	LDAP	88	extendedresp(1)
61	11.9487140	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	SSL	238	Client Hello
63	12.1750780	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	TLSv1.2	1494	Server Hello
64	12.1750810	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	TCP	1494	TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
65	12.1750840	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	TLSv1.2	813	Certificate
66	12.1752840	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	TCP	74	61190-389 [ACK] Seq=216 Ack=3594 Win=66560 Len=0
67	12.1768180	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	TLSv1.2	392	Client Key Exchange, Change Cipher Spec, Hello Request, Hello Request
70	12.4046340	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	TLSv1.2	125	Change Cipher Spec, Encrypted Handshake Message
71	12.4099960	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	TLSv1.2	117	Application Data
72	12.6355450	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	TLSv1.2	117	Application Data
73	12.6361140	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	TLSv1.2	142	Application Data
74	12.8619690	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	TLSv1.2	153	Application Data
75	12.8619710	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	TLSv1.2	117	Application Data
76	12.8620500	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	TCP	74	61190-389 [ACK] Seq=645 Ack=3810 Win=66304 Len=0
77	12.8765650	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	TLSv1.2	160	Application Data
79	13.1023470	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	TLSv1.2	117	Application Data
80	13.1027310	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	TLSv1.2	105	Encrypted Alert
81	13.1027520	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	TCP	74	61190-389 [FIN, ACK] Seq=762 Ack=3853 Win=66304 Len=0
83	13.3283950	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	TCP	74	389-61190 [ACK] Seq=3853 Ack=763 Win=66688 Len=0
84	13.3283950	2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d	2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8	TLSv1.2	105	Encrypted Alert
<p>Frame 65: 813 bytes on wire (6504 bits), 813 bytes captured (6504 bits) on interface 0</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ethernet II, Src: Lanner1_25:1b:e3 (00:90:0b:25:1b:e3), Dst: giga-byt-be:96:89 (fc:aa:14:be:96:89) Internet Protocol Version 6, Src: 2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d (2600:1f14:611:b600:74ac:222c:e115:c43d), Dst: 2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8 (2001:470:ed3a:1000:24d8:d571:bf9c:7b8) Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 389 (389), Dst Port: 61190 (61190), Seq: 2855, Ack: 216, Len: 739 [3 Reassembled TCP Segments (3484 bytes): #63(1334), #64(1420), #65(730)] Secure Sockets Layer <ul style="list-style-type: none"> TLSv1.2 Record Layer: Handshake Protocol: Certificate <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Content Type: Handshake (22) Version: TLS 1.2 (0x0303) Length: 3479 Handshake Protocol: Certificate <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Handshake Type: Certificate (11) Length: 3475 Certificates Length: 3472 Certificates (3472 bytes) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certificate Length: 1340 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certificate (id-at-commonName=ldap.sg.sixscape.net,id-at-organizationalUnitName=Development,id-at-organizationName=Sixscape Communications, Pte. Ltd.,id-at-localityName=Singapore,id-at-countryName=SG) Certificate Length: 1176 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certificate (id-at-commonName=Digicert SHA2 Secure Server CA,id-at-organizationName=Digicert Inc,id-at-countryName=US) Certificate Length: 947 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Certificate (id-at-commonName=Digicert Global Root CA,id-at-organizationalUnitName=www.digicert.com,id-at-organizationName=Digicert Inc,id-at-countryName=US) Secure Sockets Layer <ul style="list-style-type: none"> TLSv1.2 Record Layer: Handshake Protocol: Server Hello Done <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Content Type: Handshake (22) Version: TLS 1.2 (0x0303) Length: 4 Handshake Protocol: Server Hello Done 						